

Feature-Oriented Cache Designs

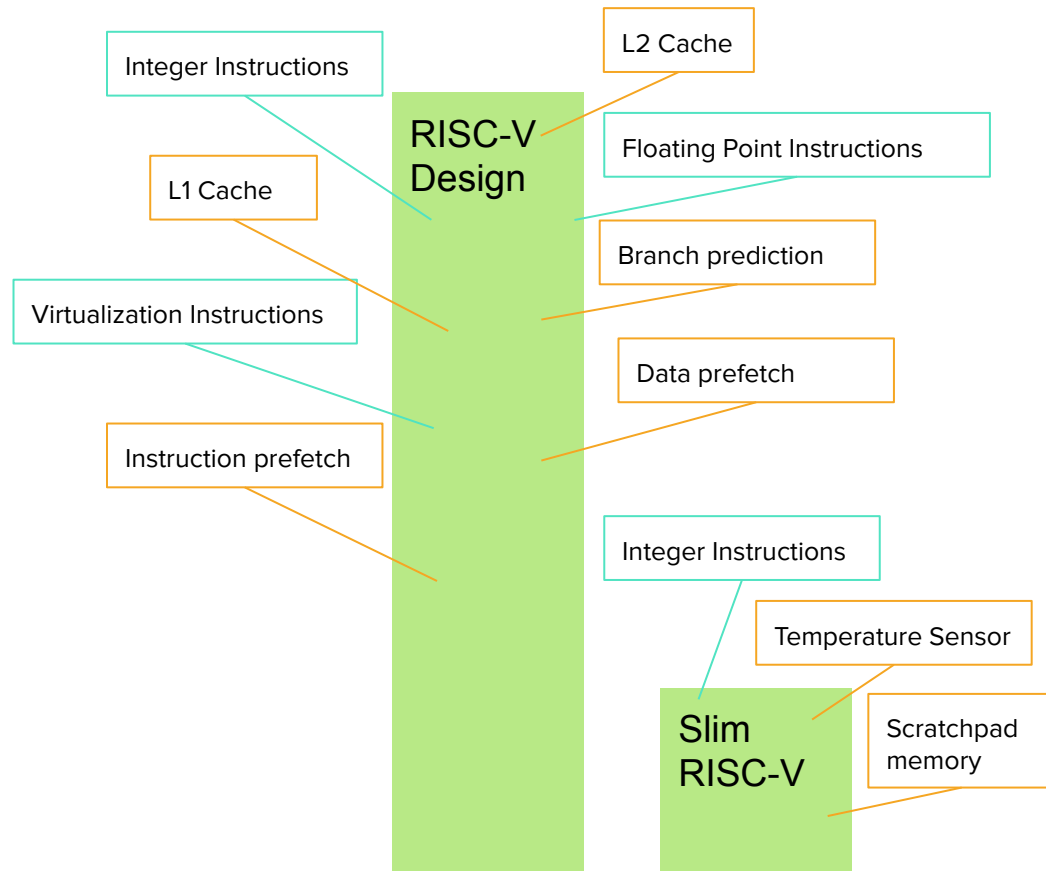
CARRV 2023

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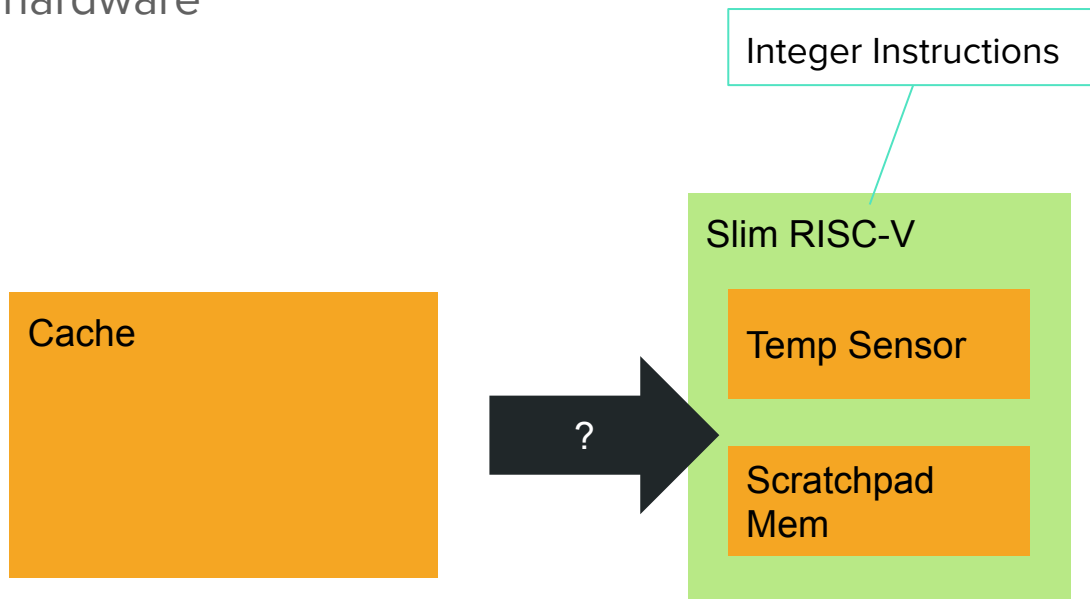
RISC-V

- The sea of hardware features is vast.
- Hennessy and Patterson introduced RISC-V¹.
 - Royalty-Free
 - Open Source
- Many characterizations
 - RocketChip, RISC-V Mini, BOOM, SERV, picorv32, SweRV, scr1



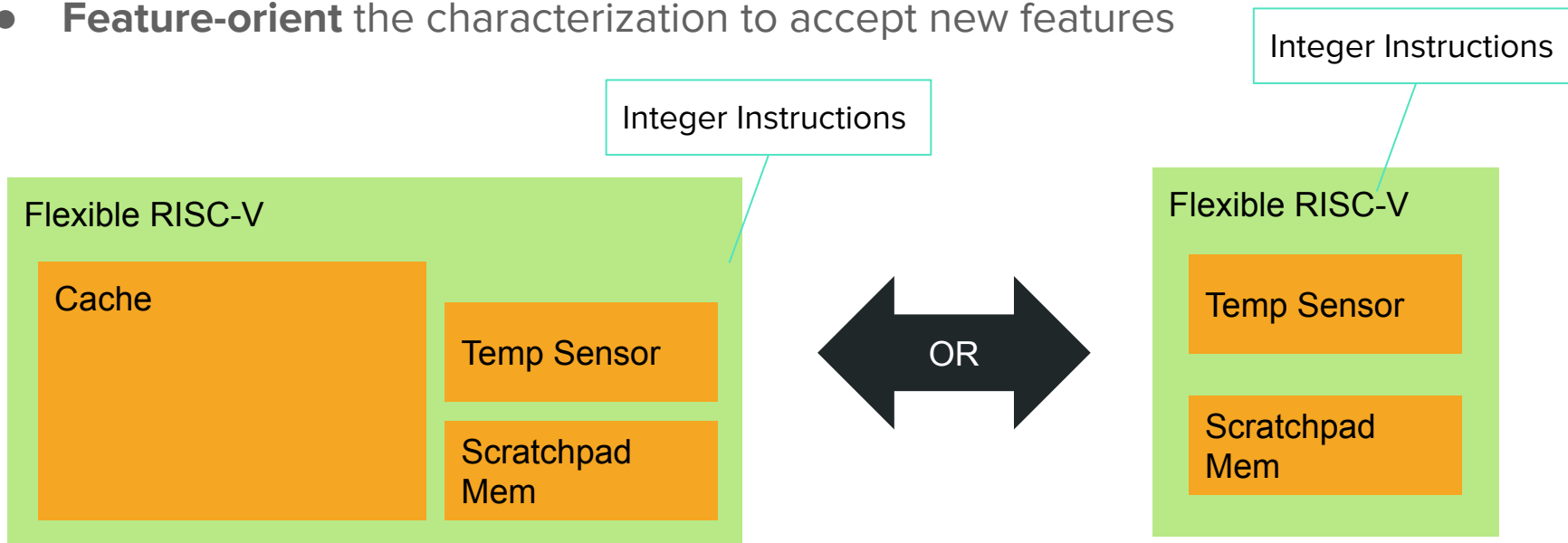
Adding a Cache

- How does this fit into slim RISC-V?
- Need new hardware



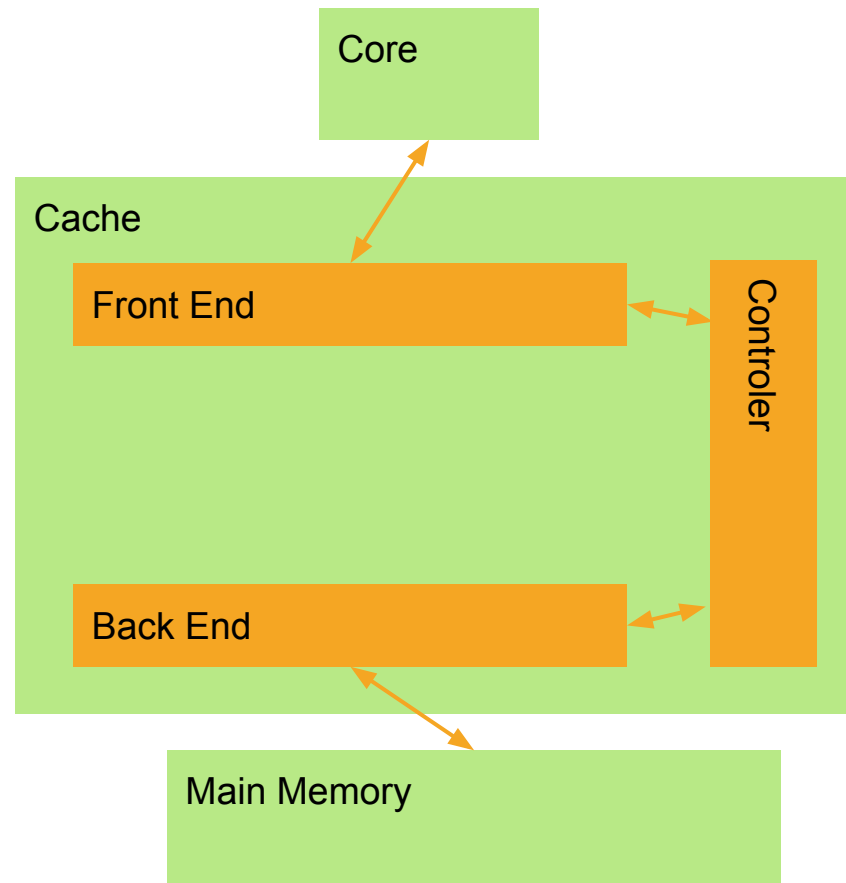
Flexible Characterizations

- Adaptable both qualitatively and quantitatively
- **Feature-orient** the characterization to accept new features



Caches

- Caches are ubiquitous in computing.
- Qualitatively
 - Write-Back vs Write-Through
 - Write-Allocate vs No-Write Allocate
 - Replacement Policy
 - Inclusion Policy
- Quantity
 - Cache Line Size
 - Number of Cache Lines
 - Number of cache levels



1. Feature-Oriented Finite-State Machines
2. Feature-Oriented Cache Designs
 - a. Build on work from CARRV 2021
 - b. Add rich type information

Aspect Oriented Programming¹

```
aspect Logging {
    OutputStream logStream = System.err;

    pointcut move():
    call(void FigureElement.setXY(int,int)) ||
    call(void Point.setX(int)) ||
    call(void Point.setY(int)) ||
    call(void Line.setP1(Point)) ||
    call(void Line.setP2(Point));

    before(): move() {
        logStream.println("about to move");
    }
}
```

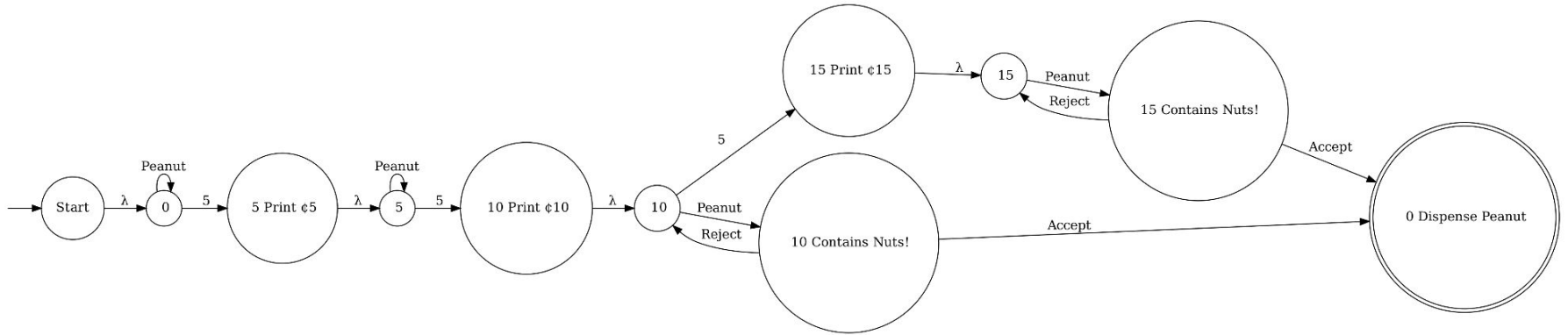
Pointcut

Advice

2,3

1. G. Kiczales, J. Lamping, A. Mendhekar, C. Maeda, C. V. Lopes, J.-M. Loingtier, and J. Irwin. Aspect-oriented programming. Proceedings of ECOOP '97, 1997.
2. Eclipse Foundation. Aspectj, 2022. <https://www.eclipse.org/aspectj/>
3. Eclipse Foundation. The aspectj programming guide, 2003. <https://www.eclipse.org/aspectj/doc/released/progguide/index.html>

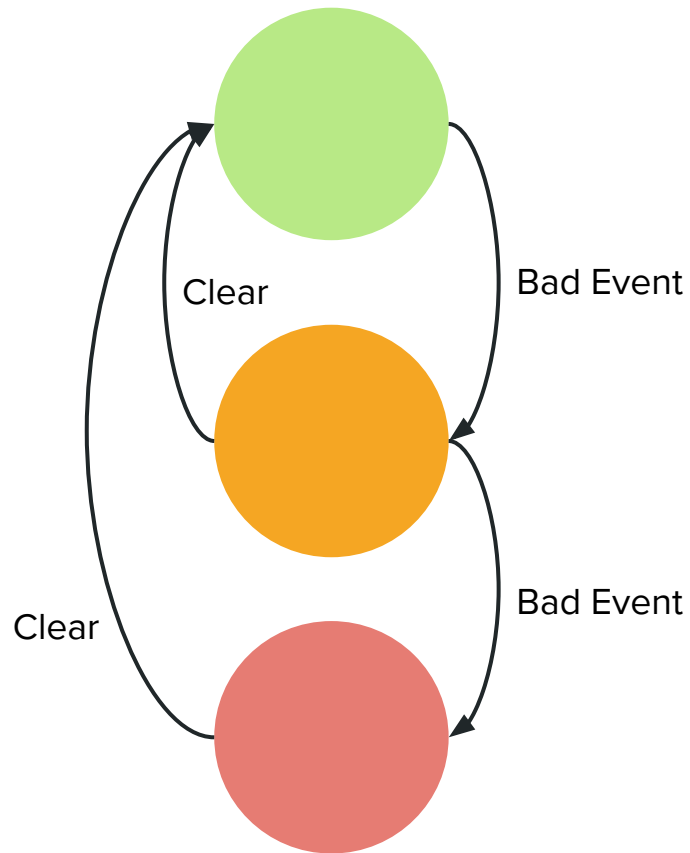
Vending Machine



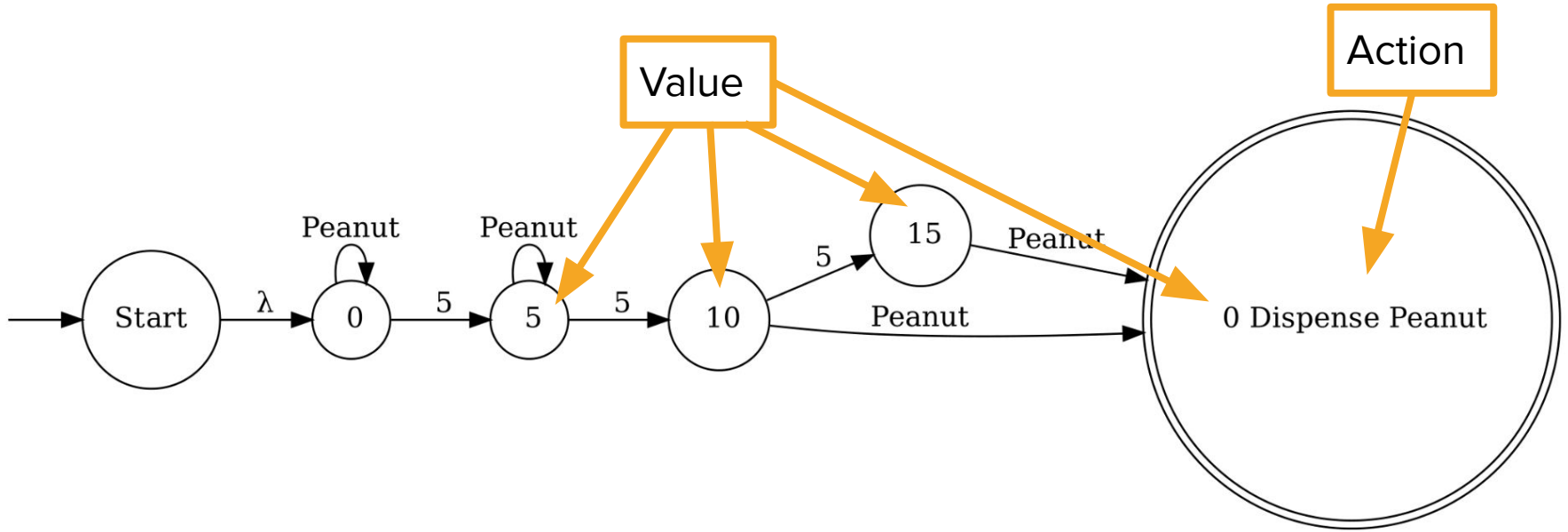
How do we feature orient this?

```
switch (stateReg) {  
  is (green) {  
    when(io. badEvent) {  
      stateReg := orange  
    }  
  }  
  is (orange) {  
    when(io. badEvent) {  
      stateReg := red  
    } . elseif (io.clear) {  
      stateReg := green  
    }  
  }  
  is (red) {  
    when (io.clear) {  
      stateReg := green  
    }  
  }  
}
```

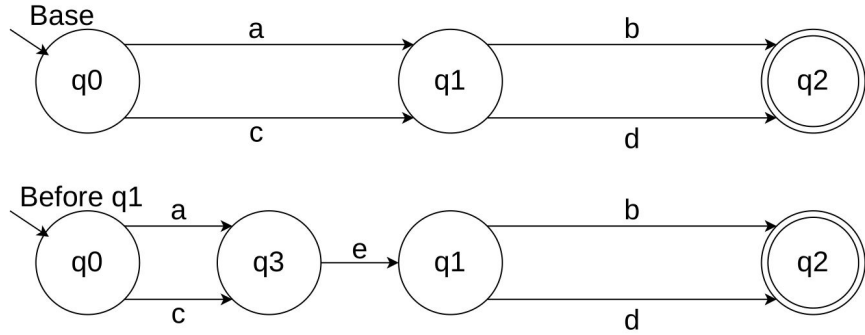
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Type Information in FSMs



Advice in FSMs



Foam

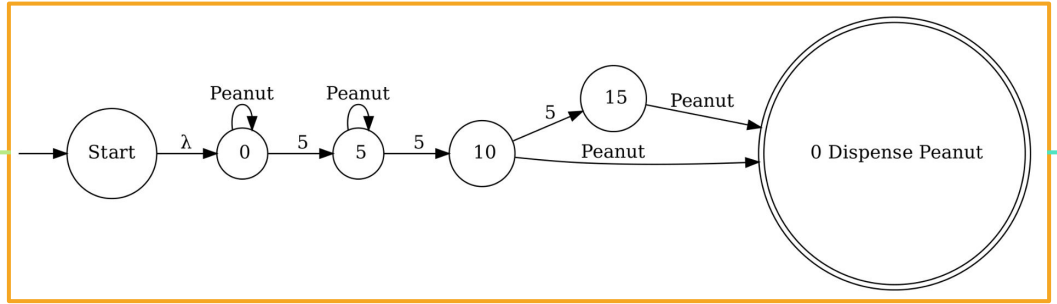
Pointcut

```
val tokenPointcut = Pointcutter[Token, Coin](nfa.alphabet, token => token match {
  case t: Coin => true
  case _ => false
})

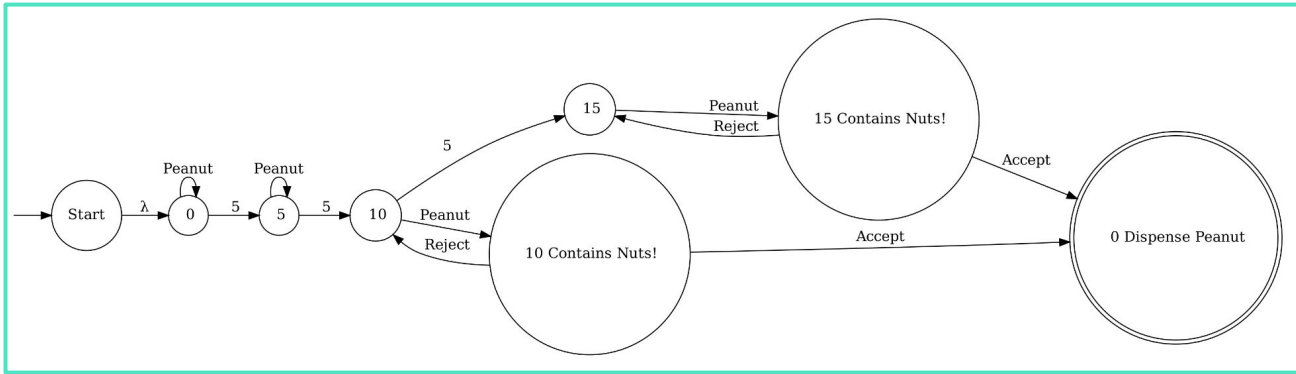
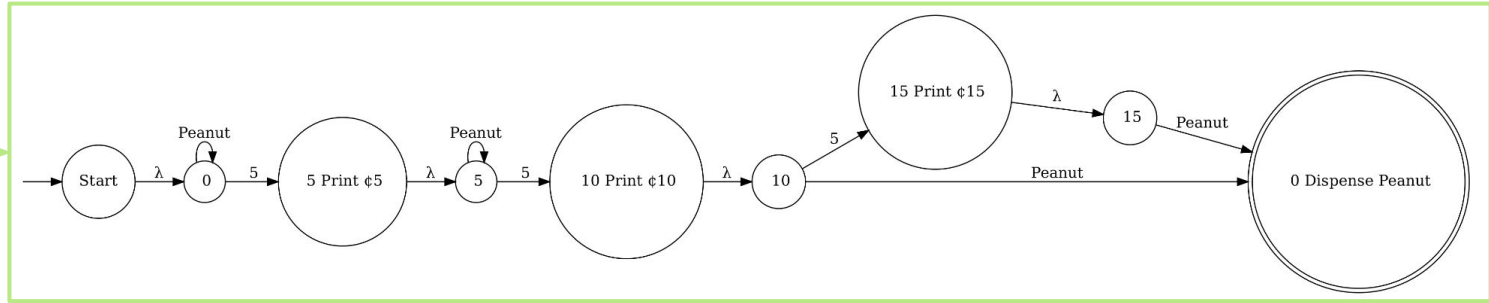
AfterToken[Coin](tokenPointcut, nfa)((thisJoinPoint: TokenJoinpoint[Coin], thisNFA: NFA) => {
  var value = thisJoinPoint.out.asInstanceOf[ValueState].value
  thisJoinPoint.out match {
    case s: PrinterState if (s.action == "Print ¢" + value.toString) => (None, thisNFA)
    case _ => (Some((PrinterState("Print ¢" + value, value, false), Lambda)), thisNFA)
  }
})
```

Advice

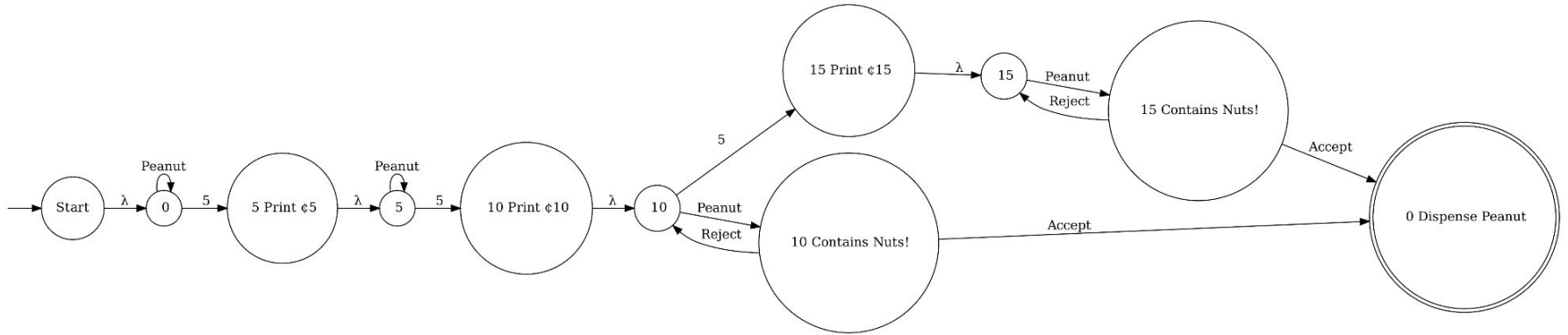
+ Print Funds



+ Peanut Warning



Vending Machine



Feature Decomposition – Combining

Techniques

Cache FSM (Foam Centric)

- Read
- Write
- Acknowledge Idle
- Acknowledge Read
- Dirty Bit Accounting

Cache Hardware (Faust Centric)

- HasBufferBookkeeping
- HasMiddleAllocate
- HasWriteFSM
- HasSimpleWrite
- HasInvalidOnWrite
- HasMiddleUpdate
- HasDirtyBitAccounting
- Dusty

Endpoints

- Endpoints implemented for RISC-V Mini¹
- All endpoints are fully synthesizable

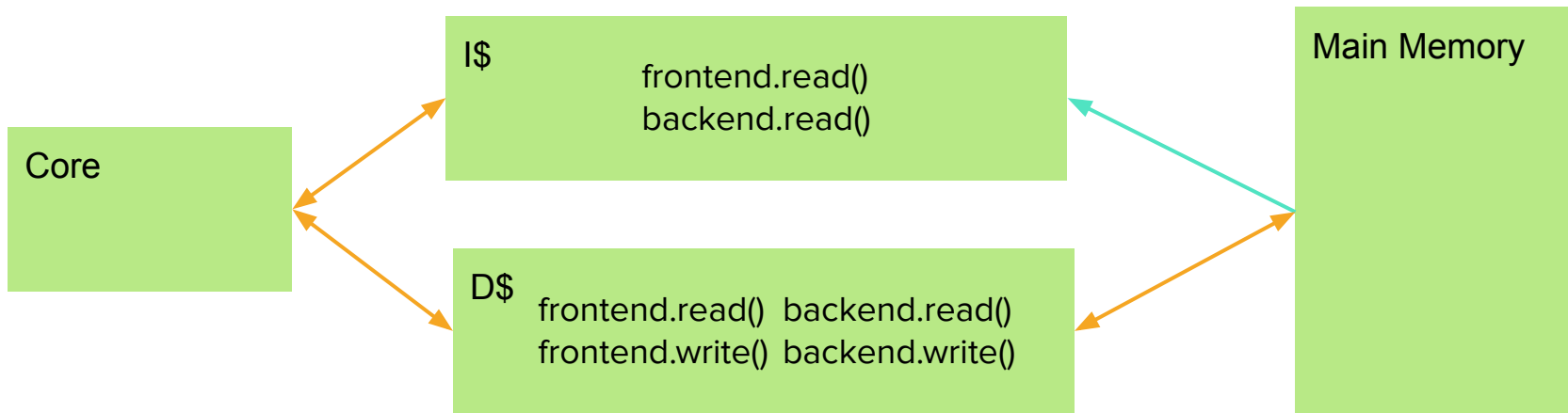
Endpoint	Features
Read-Channel	HasWriteStub, HasBufferBookeeping
Read-Only	HasWriteStub, HasMiddleAllocate
Write-Channel	HasWriteFSM, HasSimpleWrite, HasBufferBookeeping, HasInvalidOnWrite
WriteBypass	HasWriteFSM, HasSimpleWrite, HasMiddleAllocate, HasInvalidOnWrite
WriteThrough	HasWriteFSM, HasSimpleWrite, HasMiddleAllocate, HasMiddleUpdate
WriteBack	HasWriteFSM, HasSimpleWrite, HasMiddleAllocate, HasMiddleUpdate, Dirty Accounting
Dusty ²	HasWriteFSM, HasSimpleWrite, HasMiddleAllocate, HasMiddleUpdate, Dirty Accounting, Dusty

1. D. Kim. riscv-mini. <https://github.com/ucb-bar/riscv-mini>, 2022.

2. S. Friedman, P. Krishnamurthy, R. Chamberlain, R. K. Cytron, and J. E. Fritts. Dusty caches for reference counting garbage collection. In Proc. of Workshop on Memory Performance: Dealing with Applications, Systems and Architecture, Sept. 2005.

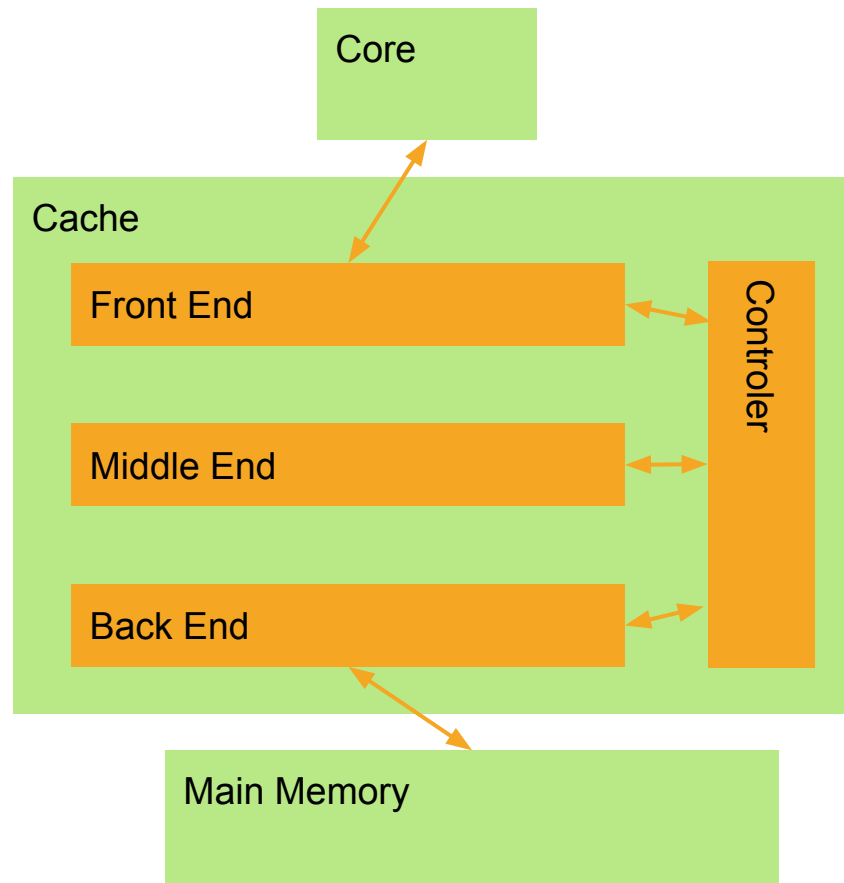
Cache & Types

- Treat the cache as a *type*.
- Generate components by calling methods *only when needed*.
- Use AOP to extend types and insert method calls.



Features as Traits

- Scala Traits allow extending a class *at instantiation*.
- Package features into traits.
- Apply them to *either* the instruction or data cache to add new hardware.
- For features that crosscut types → Use AOP!



Coding Effort

Feature	Chisel	Our Library	Faust	Total
Base System	336	25	0	361
HasWriteStub	10	0	0	10
HasWriteNFA	10	55	0	65
HasSimpleWrite	17	0	0	17
HasBufferBookkeeping	35	0	16	51
HasMiddleAllocate	68	0	8	76
HasInvalidOnWrite	12	0	8	20
HasMiddleUpdate	21	0	8	29
Dirty Accounting	11	27	66	104
Dusty	0	0	14	14



Area Measurements

Lower Better



Endpoints	LUTs (normalized)
readOnly-dusty	1.81
readOnly-writeBack	1.76
readChannel-dusty	1.57
readOnly-writeThrough	1.56
readChannel-writeBack	1.52
readOnly-writeBypass	1.49
readChannel-writeThrough	1.35
readOnly-writeChannel	1.25
readChannel-writeBypass	1.25
readChannel-writeChannel	1.00



All data normalized to readChannel-writeChannel LUTs.

Performance Measurements

benchmark	No Instruction Cache					Instruction Cache				
	Write Channel	Write Bypass	Write Through	Write Back	Dusty	Write Channel	Write Bypass	Write Through	Write Back	Dusty
median	3.59	3.11	3.11	3.02	2.97	2.41	1.93	1.93	1.87	1.82
multiply	2.81	2.78	2.78	2.77	2.77	1.37	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33
qsort	3.48	3.38	3.19	3.00	2.99	2.11	2.01	1.83	1.64	1.63
towers	3.78	3.69	3.36	2.46	2.46	2.84	2.76	2.42	1.61	1.61
vvadd	3.71	3.07	3.07	3.00	2.94	2.64	2.00	2.00	1.93	1.87
Average CPI	3.47	3.21	3.10	2.85	2.83	2.27	2.01	1.90	1.68	1.65

Higher CPI



Lower CPI

Conclusion

- Evolve control structures
 - Use AOP to build FSM features
 - Only apply them when needed
- Combine techniques
 - Separate out cache features
 - Combine techniques to evolve the cache and the controller
 - Selectively apply features via rich type information
- Marketplace of features
 - Generalize to whole chip via type system
 - Easily trade features between designers